

**Topic of the Speech:**

Subjects of Design and Production for Personalized dress Shirt
Taking into Account Comfort and Preference

Professor Masayuki Takatera

Institute for Fiber Engineering (IFES)
Interdisciplinary Cluster for Cutting Edge Research (ICCER)
Shinshu University
Japan



Professor Masayuki Takatera studied textile engineering at the Faculty of Textile Science and Technology, Shinshu University, graduated 1981, and gained his Eng. Dr. from Shinshu University, 1995. He is the director of Institute for Fiber Engineering (IFES), Interdisciplinary Cluster for Cutting Edge Research (ICCER), Shinshu University, Japan. He is also the director and former president of Japan Society of KANSEI Engineering (JSKE).

He was awarded the best paper award from Society of Fibre Science and Technology, Japan (2000), technical award from Japan Society of Textile Machinery (2001), prize from the Society of Fibre Science and Technology, Japan (2005), technical award from Japan Society of Kansei Engineering (2003, 2009), Outstanding Paper Award from Emerald Literati Network (2006, 2011).

His research interests are structural mechanics of fibres and fibre assemblies (fabrics generally); clothing engineering; Kansei engineering for both apparel and textile field. He is author of more than 130 scientific articles in national and international journals, several chapters in scientific books, more than 130 international conference proceedings and several patents.

-For invited speaker only

**Subjects of Design and Production for Personalized dress Shirt
Taking into Account Comfort and Preference**

Masayuki Takatera*, KyoungOk Kim

*Faculty of Textile Science and Technology, Shinshu University, 3-15-1Tokida, Ueda, Nagano, 386-8567,
Japan*

*Presenter's email: takatera@shinshu-u.ac.jp

ABSTRACT (NO MORE THAN 500 WORDS:)

In apparel industry of developed countries, production bases are shifting to overseas due to low labor costs, and factories are moving overseas. For preserving technology and employment in domestic, it is necessary to produce high added value clothing taking into account comfort and preference. In the case of dress shirts, there are a large number of consumers who are dissatisfied with the comfort and preference, thus it is necessary to produce shirts with high added value taking into account fit and textile preference. However, to make personalized shirts considering fit, detailed measurement and body figure analysis by experts are required, which takes cost and time. Moreover, information and the acquiring method for preference and requirement on textile texture and pattern is still unclear.

To propose a method for making a personalized dress shirt, we investigated aspects of ready-to-wear shirts that are unsatisfactory by performing wear experiments on Japanese males and confirmed the importance of the customization of the shoulder elements of shirts. It was clarified that dissatisfaction points with ready-to-wear dress shirts: the tightness of the neck and poor sleeve and shoulder matches.

To investigate the characteristics of the shoulder forward thrust and square shapes, we measured three-dimensional body shapes and proposed a simple measurement method for shoulder shape by adjusting the basic shirt pattern used for the customization, in consideration of the wide range of differences in shoulder shape. We devised a measuring device to assess the slope, shape and thrust of the shoulder. By measuring the shoulder's direction and angle, it is possible to understand the wearer's shoulder type and what adjustments are necessary.

To propose judgment criteria of body figure whether personalizing is necessary for making men's dress shirts or not, we investigated the criteria and a required measurement of the forward head, sway back, rounded upper back and prominent abdomen which requires pattern alteration. We also proposed an assessment method for comfort of dress shirts for special body types using a commercial 3D clothing simulator. We investigated the relationship between texture, cost and those preference of shirt textile. This study will help to make personalized men's dress shirt with consumer satisfaction.